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# Transmitters with a Heritage

100-250 watt Internally Diplexed  
Television Transmitter



In today's world of 100% on-air time, no broadcaster can afford to be without a revenue generating signal.

The TTS 250M is the new standard in broadcast transmitters. Designed upon the principles of:

- **Simplicity**
- **Reliability**
- **Modularity**
- **Serviceability**

**LARCAN**

An ISO 9001 Certified Facility

# ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## TTS250M: 100 - 250 watt INTERNALLY DIPLEXED TELEVISION TRANSMITTER

### VISION- DOC/FCC (NTSC):

Power Output: ..... 250 W peak  
Frequency Range:  
TTS250ML ..... 54-88 MHz (Channels 2 thru 6)  
TTS250MH ..... 174-216 MHz (Channels 7 thru 13)  
Output Impedance: ..... 50  $\Omega$   
Output Connector: ..... type N  
Input Impedance: ..... 75  $\Omega$  (unbalanced)  
Input Level: ..... 0.5 to 2.0 V p-p  
Output Regulation: ..... 3% (black-white picture)  
Output Variation: ..... 2% (over 1 frame)  
Field Time Distortion ..... 2%  
Line Time Distortion ..... 2%  
Carrier Frequency Stability: .....  $\pm 200$  Hz<sup>i</sup>  
Visual Sideband Response:  
-3.58 MHz: ..... -42 dB<sup>ii</sup>  
-1.25 MHz and lower: ..... -20 dB<sup>ii</sup>  
Carrier to -0.5 MHz: .....  $\pm 0.5$  dB<sup>ii</sup>  
Carrier +200 kHz: ..... 0 dB Ref<sup>ii</sup>  
Carrier to +4.0 MHz: .....  $\pm 0.5$  dB<sup>ii</sup>  
4.0 to 4.18MHz (+0.5-1.0dBii), 4.75 to 7.75MHz: ..... -40 dB<sup>ii</sup>  
Frequency Response:  
Variation W/Brightness: .....  $\pm 0.3$  dB<sup>iii</sup>  
Signal/Noise: ..... -55 dB (RMS below sync level)  
K2t: ..... 1% baseline disturbance  
K12.5t: ..... 3% baseline disturbance

Harmonic Radiation: ..... -80 dB  
Linearity: ..... 0.5 dB (low frequency)  
Incidental Carrier  $\phi$  Mod: .....  $\pm 1^\circ$   
Differential  $\phi$ : .....  $\pm 1^\circ$ <sub>iv</sub>  
Differential Gain: .....  $\pm 3\%$ <sub>v</sub>  
Differential Gain vs. APL: .....  $\pm 3\%$  (10% to 90% APL)  
Envelope Delay vs. Frequency:  
0.2 to 2.0 MHz: .....  $\pm 40$  nsec  
@3.58 MHz: .....  $\pm 30$  nsec  
@4.18MHz: .....  $\pm 60$  nsec

### SOUND:

Power Output: ..... 25 W  
Output Impedance: ..... 50  $\Omega$   
Frequency Stability: .....  $\pm 200$  Hz

### MONO INPUT:

Input Impedance: ..... 600  $\Omega$  (balanced)  
Input Level: ..... +6 to +12 dBm (for +25 kHz deviation)  
Common Mode Rejection: ..... 50 dB (30 Hz to 15 kHz)  
Pre-Emphasis: ..... 75  $\mu$ sec  
Frequency Response: .....  $\pm 0.5$  dB, 30 Hz to 15 kHz  
..... (ref 400 Hz, 75  $\mu$ sec pre-emphasis)  
Distortion: ..... 0.5%, 50 Hz to 15 kHz ( $\pm 25$  kHz deviation)  
FM Noise: ..... -60 dB (ref.  $\pm 25$  kHz deviation)  
Modulation Capability: .....  $\pm 125$  kHz deviation  
Asynchronous AM Noise: ..... -60 dB  
Synchronous AM Noise: ..... -50 dB

Composite Input:   
Input Impedance: ..... 75 (unbalanced)   
Input Level: ..... 0.5 V to 2V p-p (for  $\pm 75$  kHz deviation)   
Frequency Response: .....  $\pm 0.1$  dB (50 Hz to 70 kHz)   
.....  $\pm 0.5$  dB (70 Hz to 100KHz)   
Phase Response: .....  $\pm 0.5$  from linear   
Stereo Separation: ..... 45 dB (50Hz to 15Hz, equivalent mode)   
THD: ..... 0.1% (@400Hz &  $\pm 75$  Hz)   
Modulation Capability: .....  $\pm 200$  KHz deviation

### ELECTRICAL

AC Line Input: ..... 200 to 242 V; 1  $\phi$   
Power Consumption:  
Black Picture and sound on: ..... 1.1 kW  
Power Factor  $\cos \phi$  ..... 0.90 (approx)

### ENVIRONMENTAL

Ambient Temperature: ..... 0° to +45°C  
Humidity: ..... 0% to 90%  
Altitude: ..... 7500 ft.

### DIMENSIONS

60 in. H x 21 in. W x 25 in. D

- i. Maximum variation over 30 days at ambient temperatures 0°C to 35°C.
- ii. Measured at transmitter output.
- iii. With respect to response at mid characteristic.
- iv. Max. SC  $\phi$  variation reference burst from 12.5% to 75% modulation, SC modulation 12.5%.
- v. Max. SC amplitude variation from 12.5% to 75% modulation, SC modulation 12.5%.